

O Fogo e as Invasoras Lenhosas – Fire and woody plant invaders

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- Portugal is an invasion-prone country, given its mild climate and the introduction of many alien plant species
- Some of those species are fire-adapted











Fire and alien plants may be connected through a fire cycle

Brooks et al. 2004

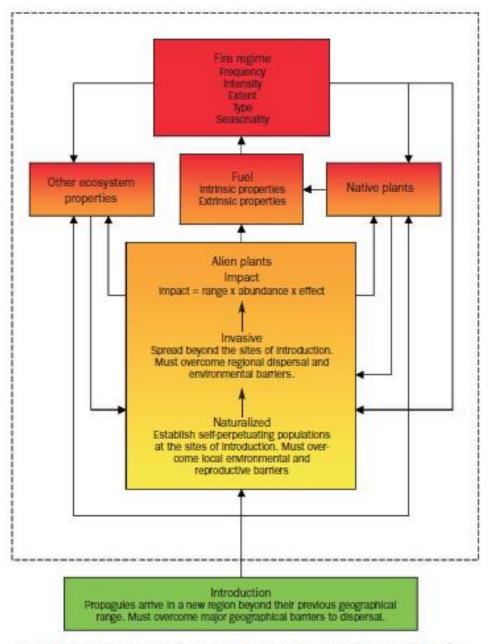


Figure 2. The invasive plant-fire regime cycle. Green, phase 1; yellow, phase 2; orange, phase 3; red, phase 4.



- Most fuel management practices may potentially aggravate the problema of plant invasions
- Even fuel breaks for fire prevention can foster the establishment of invasive plants

In Califórnia (Merriam et al. 2006):

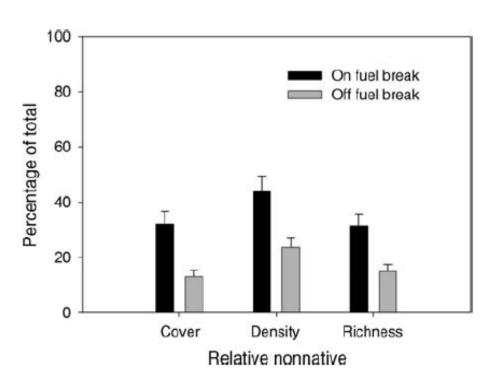
"We found that nonnative plant abundance was over 200% higher on fuel breaks than in adjacent wildland areas"

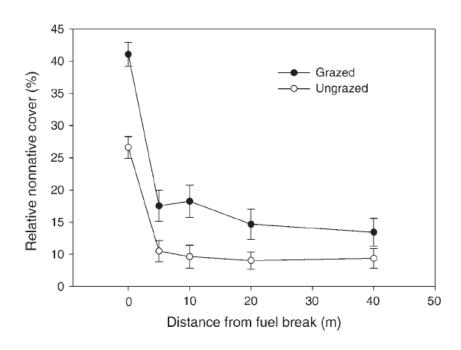












Merriam et al. 2006):







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Alien plant species introduced to Portugal that are well adapted to fire



Acacia dealbata

- Australian origin
- As many other Fabaceae, it develops a soil seed bank
- The hard-coated seeds may be stored in the soil for decades
- Fire triggers seed germination
- It resprouts vigorously after fire
- Seed pods can be dispersed at considerable distances
- It has been expanding rapidly across the country















Hakea sericea

- Another Australian species
- It is an obligate seeder
- It develops a canopy seed bank
- Woody fruits open after fire and disperse the seeds at considerable distances (>100 m), therefore expanding the invaded area













Eucalyptus globulus

- Also from Australia
- Highly resistant to fire
- Massive seed shed after fire from "old" trees
- Not a problem if plantations are properly managed
- A potential problem when trees are not harvested in short rotations













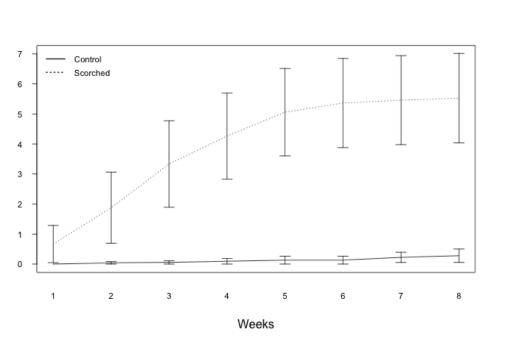












Santos et al. 2015

Calviño-Cancela et al. 2018 (c) 6Seedling establishment (%) ns 0 PineP Shr NatFor







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The Aliens and flames (Fogo e Invasoras) project



- The use of fire as a fuel management tool may aggravate the problem of plant invasions
- But proper management through na informed use of fire, may:
 - At least, minimize the risk of expanding the invasive plants, using an apropriate prescription;
 - If properly used, it may even contribute to locally eliminate the invasive plant species.











- Currently we don't know how to set a prescription envisaging the achievment of such goals;
- The existing guides on prescribed burning for portuguese conditions:
 - Have the sole goal of managing fuels for fire hazard mitigation
 - Did not consider the risk of plant invasions





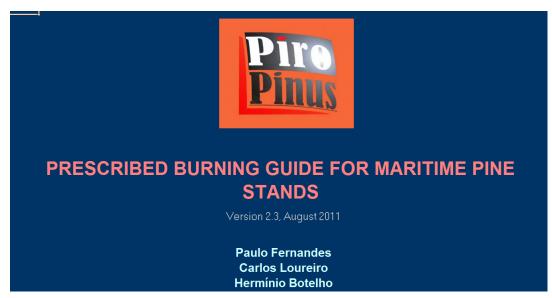




GUIA DE CAMPO
PARA
FOGO CONTROLADO
EM MATOS

















Minutes 3'30" and 5' Burn, March 2014

Fogo Controlado da Associação Florestal do Baixo Vouga 2014





March 2016

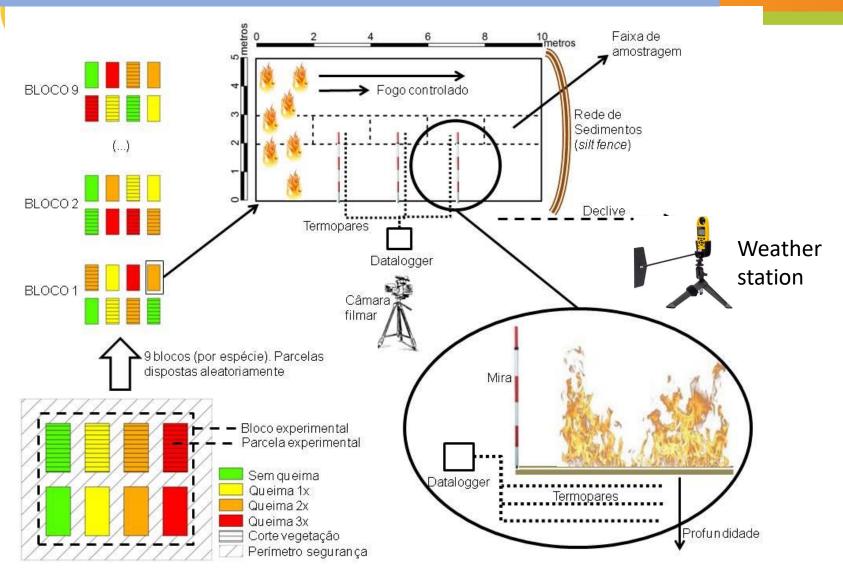








Experimental design – initial version







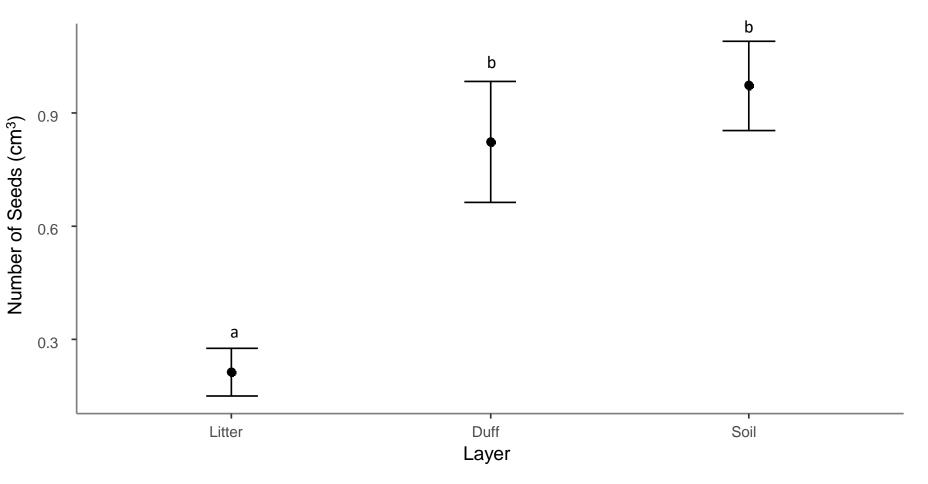






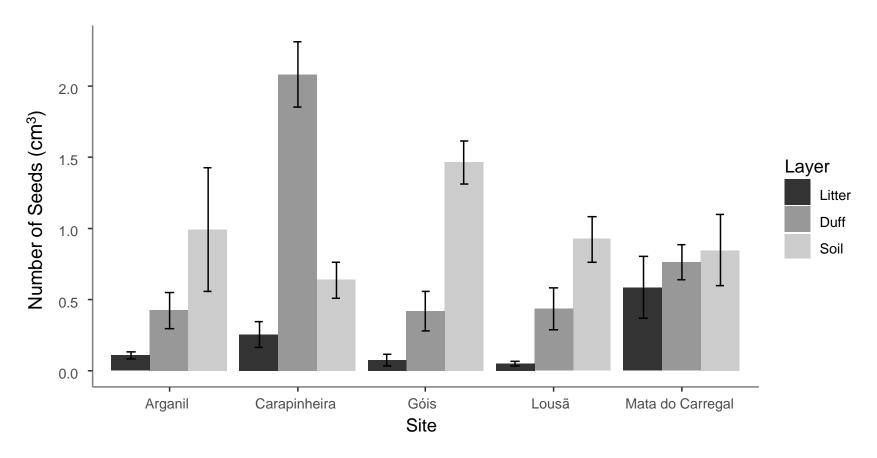
Preliminary results

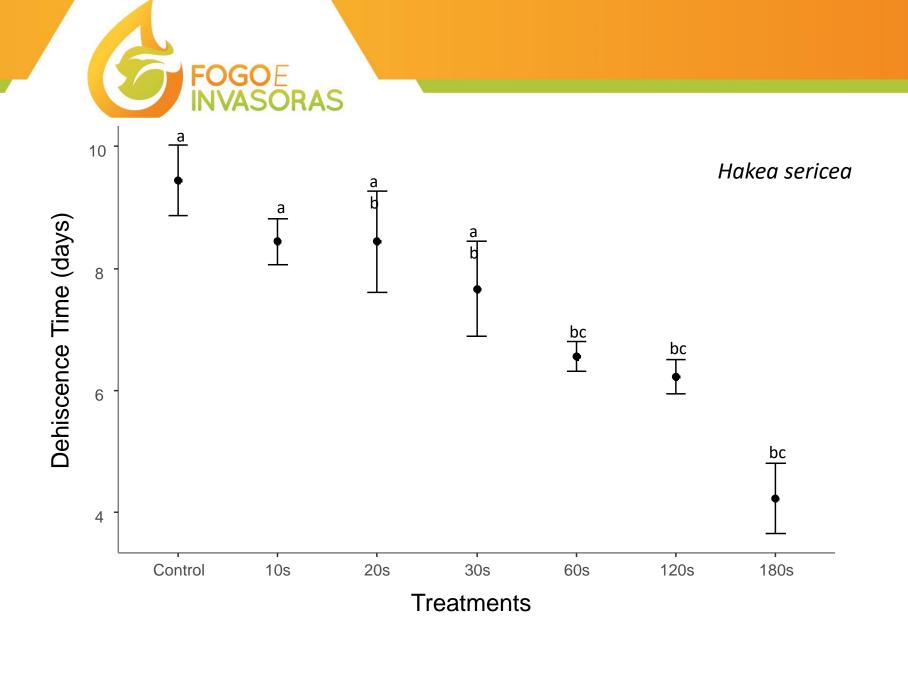


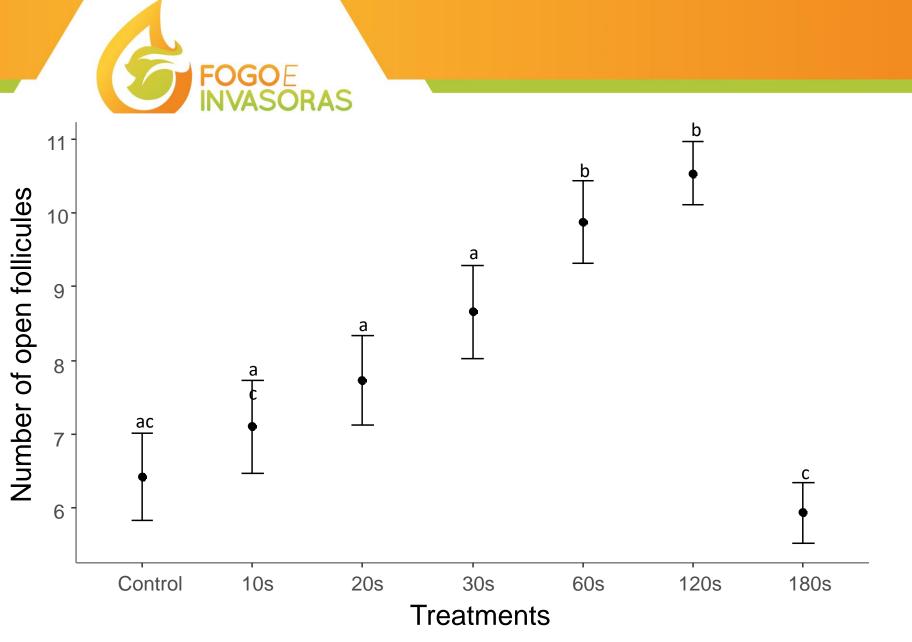


Acacia dealbata

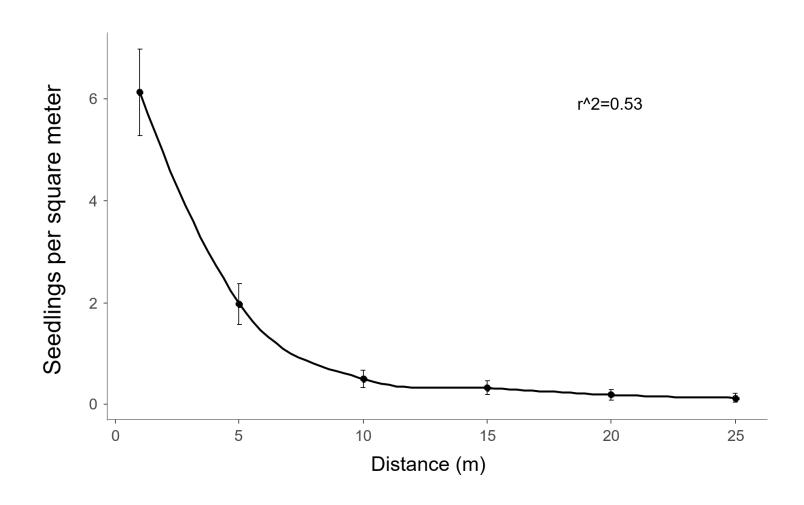














Obrigado – Thank you